

10-03-00

A

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE
UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS
Box Patent Application
Washington, D.C. 20231

Attorney Docket No. 24530.00400
Prior Application Number:
Art Unit:
Examiner:
PTO Customer Number:

Sir:

Transmitted herewith for filing is a utility patent application of

Stephane Maes,
Tim Twerdahl,
Benoit Vialle,
Ryan Robertson,

for: RECEIVING A CALL HAVING AN IDENTIFIED OR UNIDENTIFIED NUMBER AND AN
IDENTIFIED OR UNIDENTIFIED NAME

Enclosed are the following:

1. ☒ Specification, abstract and claims of 32 pages.
2. ☒ 7 sheets of ☐ formal ☒ informal drawings ☐ No drawings.
3. ☒ Declaration (original or copy) by the named inventor(s) - unsigned
4. ☐ Preliminary Amendment
5. ☐ Information Disclosure Statement
6. ☐ Other:

NOTE the following:

7. ☐ Applicant is a small entity. Unsigned Small Entity Statement enclosed – 50% Filing Fee Reduction
(if applicable)
8. ☐ The prior application is assigned to
9. This application is a:
☐ Continuation ☐ Divisional ☐ Continuation-in-Part (CIP) of Prior Application

Filed:

10. ☐ Priority of the following application(s) is (are) claimed under 35 U.S.C. 119:

| Serial No. | Date Filed | Country | Certified Copy of Priority Doc. Filed | |
|------------|------------|---------|---------------------------------------|------|
| | | | USSN or PCT# | Date |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

11. ☐ An Extension of Time is filed concurrently herewith for the parent application.
12. ☐ Cancel claims _____ prior to calculation of the filing fee.

FILING FEE:calculated below (after accounting for any preliminary amendment or claims cancellations if

noted above):

| | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|----|---------------------------------|----------|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Total Claims | 22 | Total Claims Subject to Fees: 2 | \$36.00 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Independent Claims | 4 | Total Claims Subject to Fees: 1 | \$78.00 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Multiple Dependent Claims | | | \$ |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Basic Filing Fee | | | \$690.00 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Extension Fees | | | \$ |
| | Sub-Total | | | \$804.00 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Less Small Entity Fee Reduction | | | \$ |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Assignment Recordal Fees | | | \$ |
| | Total Fees | | | \$804.00 |

JC926 U.S. PTO
09/677526
09/29/00

- ☒ Check(s) no. 472306 in the amount of \$804.00 is enclosed (must at least cover the basic fee). If no check or an insufficient check is enclosed and a fee is due herewith, the Commissioner is authorized to charge any fee or additional fee due in connection herewith to Deposit Account No. 03-3821, **referencing Attorney Docket No. 24530.00400. A duplicate of this sheet is enclosed.**
- ☒ The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any additional fees (or credit any overpayment) associated with this communication and which may be required under 37 CFR § 1.16 or 1.17 to Deposit Account No. 03-3821, **referencing Attorney Docket No. 24530.00400. A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.**

Respectfully submitted,

Date: September 29, 2000

Crosby, Heafey, Roach & May
P.O. Box 7936
San Francisco, CA 94120-7936

By: John W. Carpenter
Registration No.: 39,129

Certificate of Mailing by "Express Mail"

Express Mail Mailing Label Number: EL588334441US

Date of Deposit: September 29, 2000

I hereby certify that this paper or fee is being deposited with the United States Postal Service By "Express Mail Post Office Addressee" Service under 37 CFR 1.19 on the date indicated Above and is addressed to the Assistant Commissioner for Patents, Washington, DC 20231

Rebecca M. Klits
Name of Mailing Individual

Rebecca M. Klits
Signature of Mailing Individual

SYSTEM AND METHOD OF RECEIVING A CALL HAVING AN IDENTIFIED
OR UNIDENTIFIED NUMBER AND AN IDENTIFIED OR UNIDENTIFIED
NAME

5

Palm, Inc. reference no. 3504

Inventors:

Stephane Maes

10

Tim Twerdahl

Benoit Vialle

Ryan Robertson

15

COPYRIGHT NOTICE

A portion of the disclosure of this patent document contains material which is subject to copyright protection. The copyright owner has no objection to the facsimile reproduction by anyone of the patent document or the patent disclosure, as it appears in the Patent and Trademark Office patent file or records, but otherwise reserves all copyright rights whatsoever.

25

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Field of the Invention

30

The present invention generally relates to telecommunications and, more particularly, to providing phone applications in a portable computer system.

Discussion of Background

35

Personal computer systems have become common tools in modern society. To organize their lives, many personal

computer users use personal information management applications such as an address book and a daily organizer on their personal computers. Although such applications have proven useful for personal information management, 5 their utility is limited by the fact that the person must be sitting at their personal computer system to access the information.

To remedy this limitation, many palmtop computers, electronic organizers and other handheld devices, commonly 10 known as personal digital assistants ("PDA's") have been introduced. A PDA is a computer that is small enough to be held in the hand of a user and runs personal information management applications such as an address book, a daily organizer, and electronic notepads. These applications make 15 people's lives easier.

The most popular brand of PDA is the Palm™ (not shown). However, the Palm™ is much more than a simple PDA. A Palm™ is small, slim, device, about the size of your wallet, can hold 6000 addresses, 5 years of appointments, 1500 to-do 20 items, 1500 memos, 200 e-mail messages, and can run many different software applications.

The front panel of the Palm™ is a large LCD screen, which is touch-sensitive and allows a user to enter and manipulate data. By using a stylus to interact with a 25 touch-sensitive screen, a user may easily navigate through a host of various software applications. A stylus is used to

interact with information on a screen in much the same way as a mouse on a desktop personal computer.

Many PDA's offer Internet connectivity, as well as a vast array of hardware and software choices. PDA's have evolved into a new kind of handheld device that people use to instantly manage all kinds of information, from email, to medical data, to stock reports. Unfortunately, to date, PDA's have had only modest success in the marketplace, due to their high price tags, as well as their useful although limited applications.

In addition to being somewhat limited, many PDA applications have generally not been available in the PDA's counterpart—the mobile phone. Mobile phone manufacturers have taken the approach of trying to integrate PDA functionality into their mobile phones. This approach has several disadvantages. To fulfill their primary function of efficiently making phone calls, mobile phones are geared toward a different feature set from PDA's. For example, as one of the design aims for mobile phones is ever-smaller size, Internet access is compromised. Mobile phones are an unattractive Internet access option because the screen on a mobile phone is typically much smaller than that of a PDA. A mobile phone can typically display only a small fraction of the amount information that a PDA can display.

Generally, many applications that are user-friendly on a PDA would be cumbersome in a mobile phone environment. Additional examples of such applications include inputting

an address list and displaying a detailed record of calls.
A mobile phone is therefore inherently unsuitable for
navigating through even the simplest of PDA applications.

PDA's and mobile phones have been manufactured to meet
5 different design aims. PDA's are primarily designed to
provide personal information management in a small, portable
device. Mobile phones are primarily designed for
efficiently making phone calls while on the go. A mobile
phone environment is generally not geared for running PDA
10 software applications, including anything more than the
lowest level of graphics.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

It has been recognized that what is needed is an efficient system for integrating mobile phone functionality into a palmtop environment. The present invention fills
5 these needs by providing a system and method for managing a phone call to a phone device of a personal digital assistant (PDA). It should be appreciated that the present invention can be implemented in numerous ways, including as a process, an apparatus, a system, a device or a method. Several
10 inventive embodiments of the present invention are described below.

In one embodiment, the method comprises determining a status of a radio switch of the personal digital assistant. A status of network coverage of the phone device of the
15 personal digital assistant is also determined.

In another embodiment, the method further comprises determining a status of an earplug device. If the earplug device is plugged in, the earplug device is electrically connected to the personal digital assistant and is
20 configured to emit sound waves related to signals received from the phone device of the personal digital assistant.

In still another embodiment, the method further includes receiving caller data of the phone call, wherein the caller data includes information on a phone number
25 associated with the phone call, and information on a name

associated with the phone number. An incoming message is displayed, wherein the incoming message includes information related to the caller data.

Advantageously, the present invention provides a more
5 convenient and efficient system for combining mobile phone
functionality with PDA functionality. A user may utilize
traditional mobile phone applications without having to deal
with mobile phone inconveniences. The present invention
provides an environment for applications that require more
10 robust computer systems and graphics capabilities than a
typical mobile phone provides. Moreover, the present
invention provides a system that not only fulfills these
requirements, but also has palm-size portability. Further,
other embodiments, disclosed in detail below, illustrate how
15 the present invention provides mobile phone software
applications that are ideally used within a PDA of the
present invention.

The invention encompasses other embodiments of a
method, an apparatus, and a computer-readable medium, which
20 are configured as set forth above and with other features
and alternatives.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The present invention will be readily understood by the following detailed description in conjunction with the accompanying drawings. To facilitate this description, like
5 reference numerals designate like structural elements.

FIG. 1 shows a call device of a phone device in a personal digital assistant (PDA), in accordance with one embodiment of the present invention.

FIG. 2 shows an incoming message having caller data for
10 a phone call, in accordance with one embodiment of the present invention.

FIG. 3 shows an incoming message having caller data that is partially identifiable, in accordance with one embodiment of the present invention.

FIG. 4 shows an incoming message having caller data that is totally unidentifiable, in accordance with one
15 embodiment of the present invention.

FIG. 5 shows the call device as a phone call is being answered, in accordance with one embodiment of the present
20 invention.

FIG. 6 shows a voicemail notification of a phone device in a PDA, in accordance with one embodiment of the present invention.

FIG. 7 is a flow chart of a method of managing a phone call, in accordance with one embodiment of the present invention.

FIG. 8 is a flowchart for managing a phone call that is
5 properly received by the phone device, in accordance with one embodiment of the present invention.

FIG. 9 is a block diagram that illustrates a computer system upon which an embodiment of the invention may be implemented.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

An invention for a system and method for managing a phone call to a phone device of a personal digital assistant (PDA) is disclosed. In the following description, numerous
5 specific details are set forth in order to provide a thorough understanding of the present invention. It will be understood, however, to one skilled in the art, that the present invention may be practiced without some or all of these specific details. In other instances, well known
10 process operations have not been described in detail in order not to unnecessarily obscure the present invention.

GENERAL OVERVIEW

FIG. 1 shows a personal digital assistant (PDA) 100, in
15 accordance with one embodiment of the present invention. Examples of a PDA include palm style computers, such as a Palm IIITM, Palm VTM, or Palm VIITM, organizers, manufactured by 3Com Corporation. Other embodiments of the invention include Windows CETM handheld computers, other handheld
20 computers, and other personal digital assistants.

The PalmTM and its operating environment are used herein to illustrate various aspects of the present invention. However, it should be understood that the present invention may be practiced on other devices, including other PalmTM
25 models, PDA's, computer devices, PC's, notebooks, etc.

006756-092900

A PDA 100 is preferably a combination of a processor and memory, having a portable energy source, and being housed in a manner to be carried with one hand. A PDA 100 combines computing, telephone/fax, and networking features, and can function as a cellular phone, fax sender, and personal organizer. A PDA 100 is preferably pen-based, using a stylus rather than a keyboard for input. This use of a stylus means that a PDA 100 preferably incorporates handwriting recognition features. In another embodiment, a PDA 100 can react to voice input by using voice recognition technologies.

A call device 101 is shown active on the screen PDA 100. A phone device in the PDA 100 runs the call device 101. A phone device in a PDA 100 is preferably software, hardware, or combination thereof that allows a user to perform functions of a mobile phone. Such mobile phone functions may include, for example, dialing phone numbers, placing phone calls, receiving phone calls, and receiving voicemail. When the PDA 100 is performing functions of a mobile phone, a mobile phone indicator 122 is preferably located near the top portion of the screen of the PDA 100.

When the phone device is showing the call device 101 on the screen of PDA 100, the PDA 100 preferably indicates by a phone status icon 124 that the call device 101 is in dialer mode. The call device 101 preferably includes a dialer pad 102, which allows a user to input numbers, letters,

punctuation, or other symbols into the call device 101. Numbers may be inputted, for example, to dial a phone number or to load a phone number into a memory of the PDA 100. Letters may be inputted, for example, to load a person's
5 name, address, or other information into memory of the PDA 100.

The call device 101 of FIG. 1 is shown while the call device 101 is in standby mode. The power of the PDA 101 is on, and the call device 101 is activated. However, the PDA
10 100 is neither receiving nor making a phone call. A name field 104 is preferably located near the top portion of the call device 101. The name field 104 may have information that identifies, for example, an incoming caller, an outgoing call recipient, the owner of the PDA 100, or a
15 carrier of the mobile phone network in which the PDA 100 operates. In FIG. 1, "Swisscom" is the identification in the name field 104. In this example, Swisscom is the carrier of the mobile phone network in which the PDA 100 is operating. The carrier appears in the name field 104 while
20 the phone is in standby mode. A dialer status icon 110 is preferably included near the top portion of the call device 101 to indicate to the user that the call device 101 is in standby mode. A ringer icon 111 indicates the style of ring that is set. In this example, the ringer icon 111 indicates
25 the ringer of the phone device is set to vibrate mode. Other ringer icons may indicate audible mode or silent mode.

005259-034960

The embodiment of FIG. 1 shows other features that may be initiated in the call device 101. A user may initiate these other applications by pressing a button icon, such as a talk button 114, a speed button 116, a clear button 118, or an end button 120. User activation of the Save button 114 saves the phone number associated with a call the user is currently engaged to the address book. User activation of the note button 116 activates an in-call note taking service. User activation of the mute button 118 mutes the caller at the other end of the line (other caller). This muting which keeps the other caller from hearing any conversation initiated at the users side of the conversation. User activation of the end button 120 terminates the call that the user is currently participating.

If a message has been recorded in the voicemail application, a voicemail indicator 112 preferably appears near the top portion of the screen of the PDA 100. In FIG. 1, the voicemail indicator 112 is an envelope icon. The presence of the voicemail indicator 112 is preferably controlled by a short message service (SMS), a voicemail application, or a combination of both. SMS is a telecommunications tool that supports the transmission of short text messages in a telecommunications network. A voicemail application is a telecommunications tool used to

record voice messages of an incoming caller when the phone call is not received or answered by the PDA 100.

The voicemail indicator 112 preferably disappears if there are no unheard messages. Whether the envelope remains
5 on the screen after a message is partly heard (or not deleted in the voicemail application) is dependent on the particular settings of the network in which the voicemail application or SMS operates.

Additionally, when the PDA 100 is running the call
10 device 101, the PDA 100 preferably has at the top of the screen a signal strength indicator 106 and a battery charge indicator 108. The signal strength indicator 106 indicates a relative quality and strength of a signal that may be transmitted in a mobile phone network in which the phone
15 device is located. The battery charge indicator 108 shows a relative amount of energy remaining in the battery of the PDA 100.

STRUCTURAL OVERVIEW

20 FIG. 2 shows a PDA 100 that displays an incoming message 201 having caller data for a phone call, in accordance with one embodiment of the present invention. The incoming message 201 is displayed on the screen when PDA 100 receives an incoming call signal from a telephone
25 network. The caller data preferably includes a phone number

208 and a name 206 associated with the phone number 208.
The phone device will attempt to identify the phone number
208 and the name 206 as the phone call is being transmitted
to the phone device. The PDA 100 receives the transmission
5 of the phone call from a mobile phone network. The phone
number is associated with a phone device that is connected
to the mobile phone network and that originated the phone
call.

A name 206 will preferably be either identifiable or
10 unidentifiable. Identifiable means that the PDA 100 is able
match the name with information that is stored in memory.
Likewise, a phone number 208 will be either identifiable or
unidentifiable.

In the example of FIG. 2, the name 206 and the phone
15 number 208 are each identifiable. Here, the phone number
208 is shown to be "408.396.9894." The name 206 is shown to
be "Stephanie Maes." In an alternative embodiment, the name
206 is shown with additional caller information, such as "w"
to indicate work, "h" to indicate home, or "m" to indicate
20 mobile phone. For example, the name 206 may be displayed as
"Stephanie Maes--w", indicating that the PDA 100 is
receiving a phone call from Stephanie Maes at her work.

The incoming message 201 preferably includes a status
bar 202. In FIG. 2, the status bar 202 indicates that a
25 phone call is being transmitted to the phone device, and
that the present time is "11:48." Additionally, a ringing

indicator 204 preferably appears indicating that a phone call is being transmitted to the phone device.

In a preferred embodiment, the incoming message 201 appears before a user responds to the phone call. A user
5 may answer the phone call by using a stylus to press an answer button 210 on the display device of the PDA 100. Activation of the answer button 210, initiates procedures for answering, which involves the PDA 100 receiving and transmitting signals related to the phone call.

10 Alternatively, the user may silence the ringer by using a stylus to press a silence button 212. Activation of the silence button 212 preferably sends a silence signal to silence the ringer and to redirect the phone call to a voicemail application. However, even if the ringer is
15 preset to silent mode, the silence button 212 can be used to redirect the phone call to a voicemail application.

The voicemail application is preferably not stored in the memory of the PDA itself. The portion of the voicemail application that actually stores messages or sends pages is
20 located at another location in the mobile phone network. The phone device is capable of connecting to the network to receive voicemail messages, pages, or other signals sent from the voicemail application.

FIG. 3 shows an incoming message 201 having caller data
25 that is partially identifiable, in accordance with one embodiment of the present invention. The phone number 208

here is identified as "(408) 396 9894." The name 206, however, is unidentifiable. Accordingly, the name 206 here is "Unnamed" to indicate that the PDA has not identified a name for the phone number 208.

5 FIG. 4 shows an incoming message 201 having caller data that is totally unidentifiable, in accordance with one embodiment of the present invention. Accordingly, a "Not identifiable" message appears to indicate that neither a phone number nor a name has been identified for the phone
10 call. However, regardless of any identification, the user is preferably given an option of answering or silencing the phone call, as discussed above with reference to FIG. 2.

FIG. 5 shows the call device 101 as a phone call is being answered, in accordance with one embodiment of the
15 present invention. In this embodiment, the phone call is unidentifiable. Accordingly, "Not identifiable" appears in the name field 104 of the call device 101 to indicate the caller data does not contain an identifiable phone number or name. Preferably, the call device 101 begins a timer 502
20 when the phone call is answered. The timer 502 clocks the period of time the phone call is being answered.

Other features of the call device 101 include, for example, a save button 504, a note button 506, a mute button 508, and an end button 510. User activation of the Save
25 button 504 saves the phone number associated with a call the user is currently engaged to the address book. User

activation of the note button 506 activates an in-call note taking service. User activation of the mute button 508 mutes the caller at the other end of the line (other caller). This muting which keeps the other caller from
5 hearing any conversation initiated at the users side of the conversation. User activation of the end button 510 terminates the call that the user is currently participating.

FIG. 6 shows a voicemail notification 601 of a phone
10 device in a PDA, in accordance with one embodiment of the present invention. The voicemail notification 601 appears on the display to notify the user that a new unheard voicemail message has been received by the voicemail application. The voice mail preferably includes a new
15 voicemail icon 602, which includes the words "New Voicemail."

The voicemail notification 601 also preferably includes a keep button 604 and a listen button 606. A user may activate a button by using a stylus to tap the appropriate
20 region on the display device having a tap recognizer. A tap recognizer is hardware, software, or combination thereof connected to a touch-sensitive portion of the display device 132. A tap recognizer is configured to initiate a predetermined routine when a user taps the soft button 126.
25 For example, activation of the keep button 604 sends the phone device back to the previous activity that was in use

before the voicemail notification 601 appeared. Activation of the listen button 606 initiates an outgoing phone call to the voicemail application.

5 PROCESS OVERVIEW

FIG. 7 is a flow chart of a method of managing a phone call, in accordance with one embodiment of the present invention. For purposes of the following discussion, the phone call is being transmitted from a device in a mobile
10 phone network to the phone device of a personal digital assistant, such as PDA 100.

The method starts in decision operation 702, where it is determined if a radio switch of the PDA 100 is turned on. This determination is preferably made by a radio switch
15 detector configured to determine a status of the radio switch. The purpose of the radio switch itself is to turn on (or off) the radio capability of the PDA 100. A radio switch, for example, can be used in the PDA 100 to complete a circuit that powers an antenna that allows the PDA 100 to
20 transmit radio waves. Preferably, the antenna is electrically connected to a receiver that allows the PDA to receive a phone call transmitted from a device in a mobile phone network. Thus, in a preferred embodiment, the PDA 100 communicates with a mobile phone network by way of
25 electromagnetic waves at a radio frequency.

006350-9361-03900

If the radio switch is turned off, then a voicemail application is initiated in step 706. On the other hand, if the radio switch is turned on, then it is determined in operation 704 whether the PDA 100 is within adequate network coverage. This determination is preferably made by a network coverage detector. A network coverage detector is hardware, software, or combination thereof in the PDA 100, configured to determine the status of network coverage of the PDA 100. Network coverage is adequate where the signal strength of the phone call is sufficient for the phone device to maintain a connection with the mobile phone network. If network coverage is inadequate, then the voicemail application is initiated in step 706.

Accordingly, if the radio switch is turned off or if the network coverage is inadequate, signals from a mobile phone network that carry phone calls are never received by the PDA 100. In other words, the phone device does not interpret the phone call signals. The phone call is diverted to the voicemail application, where the incoming caller may leave a message or initiate a page. However, if the radio switch is on and if network coverage is adequate, then the method moves to step 708 where management of the phone call continues.

FIG. 8 is a flowchart for managing a phone call that is properly received by the phone device, in accordance with one embodiment of the present invention. For purposes of

the following discussion, a phone call may be properly received if the radio switch is on and the network coverage is adequate to transmit a phone call to the phone device. The method starts in decision operation 802 where it is
5 determined, by an earplug device detector, if an earplug device is plugged into the PDA 100. An earplug device detector is hardware, software, or combination thereof in the PDA 100, configured to electronically sense if an earplug is plugged into the PDA 100.

10 An earplug device is a type of a speaker device that allows a user to hear the phone call. A retractable earplug is plugged into the PDA 100 if the earplug is electrically connected to the PDA 100 and is configured to emit sound waves related to signals received from the PDA. In an
15 alternative embodiment, the earplug device is fixed in the PDA housing, which is preferably made of a durable plastic material. The present invention, however, is not so limited to these specific embodiments.

If no earplug device is plugged into the PDA 100, the
20 PDA 100 initiates a voicemail application in step 814. In the voicemail application, for example, an incoming caller leaves a message or initiates a page to the phone device, as discussed above with reference to FIG. 6.

If, however, an earplug device is plugged into the PDA
25 100, the phone device receives caller data related to the phone call in step 804. For example, the PDA 100 receives

the phone call from a mobile phone network. Included with the phone call is identification data, or caller data. As discussed above with reference to FIG. 2, caller data preferably includes a phone number 208 and a name 206 associated with the phone number 208. The phone device, in step 806, then displays an incoming message 201 on the screen of the PDA 100. This incoming message 201 will include the caller data.

Along with the incoming message 201 comes decision operation 808, where the phone device determines whether to initiate a silence routine. For example, the phone device is ringing and displaying the incoming message 201, but the user does not want to answer the phone call. The user preferably has at least an option of silencing the phone call. The user may use a stylus to press the silence button 212 and, thereby, redirect the phone call to the voicemail application, as discussed above with reference to FIG. 2. If the phone device determines that the silence routine is to be initiated, the silence routine is initiated in step 810. The voicemail application is then initiated in step 814.

If it is determined in operation 808 that the silence routine is not to be initiated, it is then determined in operation 812 whether the phone call is to be answered. For example, the user may decide neither to answer the phone

call nor to silence the phone call. The voicemail application is then initiated in step 814.

Alternatively, the phone device may determine that the phone call is to be answered. For example, a user may use a stylus to press the answer button 212 and, thereby, redirect the phone call to the voicemail application, as discussed above with reference to FIG. 2. If the phone call is to be answered, is it quickly determined if the phone device is running the call device 101, an application discussed above with reference to FIG. 1. In a preferred embodiment, the call device 101 should be active while the phone call is being answered.

If the call device 101 is active, the phone device initiates the answer routine in step 828. For example, the user presses the answer button 212. The phone device quickly determines that the call device 101 is in fact active. In other words, the dialer pad 102 and other features of the call device 101 are available on the graphical user interface of the PDA 100. The answer routine is then initiated, in which the timer 502 starts and the PDA sends and receives signals in the mobile phone network, as discussed above with reference to FIG. 5.

If, however, the call device 101 is not running, the PDA 100 determines if the phone device is already in another current application, other than the call device 101. If the phone device is in another current application, the PDA 100

suspends this current application in step 830. In step 832, the PDA 100 then initiates (or boots) the call device 101. On the other hand, if the phone device is not in another current application, the PDA initiates (or boots) the call
5 device 101 in step 832. The answer routine is then initiated in step 828.

Once the answer routine is initiated in step 828, the PDA continues the answer routine. For example, the timer continues to clock the period of time the phone call is
10 being answered. The user, meanwhile, is likely to be having a conversation with a person on the other end of the phone call connection. During the phone call, it is continuously determined, in operation 836, whether the phone call is still being answered. For example, the user either hangs up
15 or continues the telephone conversation. If the phone call is still being answered, the answer routine is continued in step 834.

However, if the phone call is no longer being answered, the PDA returns to the state that the PDA was in prior to
20 receiving the phone call in step 838. For example, the user hangs up the phone, and the PDA returns to the application that was running on the PDA before the user answered the phone.

Returning to the discussion of step 814, upon
25 initiation of the voicemail application, the PDA 100 performs any number of applications that may be so directed

by the user. Such an application may be, for example, running a calendar program, inputting a to do list, or placing the PDA 100 into standby mode. Meanwhile, it is determined in decision operation 816 if the phone device is receiving voicemail notification from a mobile phone network. For example, the PDA 100 is receptive to signals that may be sent from a mobile phone network indicating that a new voicemail message has been received. If there is no such signal, the PDA moves on to step 838 to return to the state of the PDA prior to the phone call.

On the other hand, if the phone device is receiving voicemail notification from a mobile phone network, a voicemail notification message is displayed on the screen of the PDA 100. For example, a voicemail notification appears on the display to notify the user that a new unheard voicemail message has been received by the voicemail application, as discussed above with reference to FIG. 6.

The PDA 100, in decision operation 820, then determines if the voicemail is to be listened to now or later. If the voicemail is to be listened to later, the PDA returns to the state of the PDA prior to the phone call in step 838. If the voicemail is to be listened to now, the phone device initiates procedures to call the voicemail in step 822.

In the embodiment of FIG. 8, the PDA eventually returns to the state of the PDA prior to the phone call. However, in an alternative embodiment the PDA never returns to the

state of the PDA prior to the phone call. The PDA may, for example, be diverted directly to an Internet application, go directly into standby mode, or simply lose power. In a preferred embodiment, however, step 838 effectively represents when the process is done. In short, the foregoing discussion with references to FIG. 7 and FIG. 8 includes a method of managing a phone call to a phone device of a personal digital assistant.

10 HARDWARE OVERVIEW

FIG. 9 is a block diagram that illustrates a computer system 900 upon which an embodiment of the invention may be implemented. The preferred embodiment is implemented using one or more computer programs running on a portable computer, such as PDA 100. Accordingly, in this embodiment, the computer system 900 is PDA 100.

The configuration shown in FIG. 9 is for exemplary purposes for discussing the present invention. Many different combinations of processing units, programs, memory units, and telephone devices (modules) will be apparent to those skilled in the art to perform similar operations as required by the present invention.

Computer system 900 includes a bus 902 or other communication mechanism for communicating information, and a processor 904 coupled with bus 902 for processing information. Computer system 900 also includes a main

memory 906, such as a random access memory (RAM) or other dynamic storage device, coupled to bus 902 for storing information and instructions to be executed by processor 904. Main memory 906 also may be used for storing temporary variables or other intermediate information during execution of instructions to be executed by processor 904. Computer system 900 further includes a read only memory (ROM) 908 or other static storage device coupled to bus 902 for storing static information and instructions for processor 904. A storage device 910, such as a magnetic disk or optical disk, is provided and coupled to bus 902 for storing information and instructions.

Computer system 900 may be coupled via bus 902 to a display 912, such as a liquid crystal display (LCD), for displaying information to a computer user. An input device 914 is a touch-sensitive LCD that interprets input by sensing contact on the LCD. The input device 914 is coupled to bus 902 for communicating information and command selections to processor 904. Another type of input device 914 includes alphanumeric and other keys, and is coupled to bus 902 for communicating information and command selections to processor 904. Still another type of user input device is cursor control 916, such as a mouse, a trackball, or cursor direction keys for communicating direction information and command selections to processor 904 and for controlling cursor movement on display 912. This input device typically has two degrees of freedom in two axes, a

first axis (e.g., x) and a second axis (e.g., y), that allows the device to specify positions in a plane.

The invention is related to the use of computer system 900 for providing mobile phone applications in a PDA 100.

5 According to one embodiment of the invention, mobile phone applications are provided by computer system 900 in response to processor 904 executing one or more sequences of one or more instructions contained in main memory 906. Such instructions may be read into main memory 906 from another

10 computer-readable medium, such as storage device 910. Execution of the sequences of instructions contained in main memory 906 causes processor 904 to perform the process steps described herein. In alternative embodiments, hard-wired circuitry may be used in place of or in combination with

15 software instructions to implement the invention. Thus, embodiments of the invention are not limited to any specific combination of hardware circuitry and software.

The term "computer-readable medium" as used herein refers to any medium that participates in providing

20 instructions to processor 904 for execution. Such a medium may take many forms, including but not limited to, non-volatile media, volatile media, and transmission media. Non-volatile media includes, for example, optical or magnetic disks, such as storage device 910. Volatile media

25 includes dynamic memory, such as main memory 906. Transmission media includes coaxial cables, copper wire and fiber optics, including the wires that comprise bus 902. Transmission media can also take the form of acoustic or

light waves, such as those generated during radio-wave and infra-red data communications.

Common forms of computer-readable media include, for example, a floppy disk, a flexible disk, hard disk, magnetic
5 tape, or any other magnetic medium, a CD-ROM, a DVD, any other optical medium, punchcards, papertape, any other physical medium with patterns of holes, a RAM, a DRAM, a VRAM, a ROM, a PROM, and EPROM, a FLASH-EPROM, any other memory chip or cartridge, a carrier wave as described
10 hereinafter, or any other medium from which a computer can read.

Various forms of computer readable media may be involved in carrying one or more sequences of one or more instructions to processor 904 for execution. For example,
15 the instructions may initially be carried on a magnetic disk of a remote computer. The remote computer can load the instructions into its dynamic memory and send the instructions over a telephone line using a modem. A modem local to computer system 900 can receive the data on the
20 telephone line and use an infra-red transmitter to convert the data to an infra-red signal. An infra-red detector coupled to bus 902 can receive the data carried in the infra-red signal and place the data on bus 902. Bus 902 carries the data to main memory 906, from which processor
25 904 retrieves and executes the instructions. The instructions received by main memory 906 may optionally be stored on storage device 910 either before or after execution by processor 904.

Computer system 900 also includes a communication interface 918 coupled to bus 902. Communication interface 918 provides a two-way data communication coupling to a network link 920 that is connected to a local network 922.

5 As an example, the communication interface 918 is connected to an antenna and performs wireless communications to a network, such as Internet ISP 926 or local network 922. In another example, the communication interface 918 connects to a mobile phone network to complete calls initiated by the

10 process of the present invention. In still another example, communication interface 918 is an integrated services digital network (ISDN) card or a modem to provide a data communication connection to a corresponding type of telephone line. In yet another example, communication interface 918 is

15 a local area network (LAN) card that provides a data communication connection to a compatible LAN. In any such implementation, communication interface 918 sends and receives electrical, electromagnetic or optical signals that carry digital data streams representing various types of

20 information.

In a preferred embodiment, the communication interface 918 is a phone device that communicates with a network carrier to make phone calls, including any of satellite, PCS, cellular, radio, landline, plain old telephone system (POTS),

25 mobile, and other communication modes. Incoming call indications (such as incoming call, caller ID, call status, etc.) are sent from the phone device to the call device 101 running on the processing unit via the bus 902. Although a

bus is shown, any mode of data communication between the various modules may be provided. The call device 101 initiates calls and directs call operations by sending commands to the phone device (via the system bus, for example).

Network link 920 typically provides data communication through one or more networks to other data devices. For example, network link 920 may provide a connection through local network 922 to a host computer 924 or to data equipment operated by an Internet Service Provider (ISP) 926. ISP 926 in turn provides data communication services through the world wide packet data communication network now commonly referred to as the "Internet" 928. Local network 922 and Internet 928 both use electrical, electromagnetic or optical signals that carry digital data streams. The signals through the various networks and the signals on network link 920 and through communication interface 918, which carry the digital data to and from computer system 900, are exemplary forms of carrier waves transporting the information.

Computer system 900 can send messages and receive data, including program code, through the network(s), network link 920 and communication interface 918. In the Internet example, a server 930 might transmit a requested code for an application program through Internet 928, ISP 926, local network 922 and communication interface 918.

The received code may be executed by processor 904 as it is received, and/or stored in storage device 910, or other non-

volatile storage for later execution. In this manner, computer system 900 may obtain application code in the form of a carrier wave.

5 SCOPE

In this disclosure, including in the claims, certain process steps are set forth in a particular order, and alphabetic and alphanumeric labels may be used to identify certain steps. Unless specifically stated in the disclosure,
10 embodiments of the invention are not limited to any particular order of carrying out such steps. In particular, the labels are used merely for convenient identification of steps, and are not intended to imply, specify or require a particular order of carrying out such steps.

15 In the foregoing specification, the invention has been described with reference to specific embodiments thereof. It will, however, be evident that various modifications and changes may be made thereto without departing from the broader spirit and scope of the invention. The
20 specification and drawings are, accordingly, to be regarded in an illustrative rather than a restrictive sense.

CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

1. A method of managing phone calls on a personal digital
5 assistant having a phone device, the method comprising:
receiving an incoming call signal from a telephone
network;
checking an attachment status of a speaker device; and
diverting the incoming call to a voicemail application
10 if the speaker is not attached.
2. The method of Claim 1, wherein the speaker device is an
earplug.
- 15 3. A method of managing phone calls to a phone device of a
personal digital assistant, wherein the phone call is
transmitted from a device in a mobile phone network,
the method comprising:
determining a status of a radio switch of the personal
20 digital assistant;
determining a status of a network coverage of the phone
device of the personal digital assistant; and

managing a phone call to the phone device, wherein
managing the phone call is based on the status of
the radio and the status of the network coverage.

- 5 4. The method of Claim 3, wherein the step of managing
comprises receiving the phone call if the status of the
radio switch is on and if the status of the network
coverage is sufficient for the phone device to maintain
a connection with the mobile phone network.

10

5. The method of Claim 3, wherein the step of managing
comprises receiving the phone call if an earplug device
is plugged in, wherein the earplug device is plugged in
if the earplug device is electrically connected to the
15 personal digital assistant and is configured to emit
sound waves related to signals received from the
personal digital assistant.

6. The method of Claim 3, further comprising initiating a
20 voicemail application.

7. The method of Claim 3, further comprising:
receiving a voicemail notification from the mobile
phone network; and

displaying a voicemail notification message.

8. The method of Claim 3, further comprising:

receiving caller data of the phone call, wherein the

5 caller data includes information on a phone number associated with the phone call, and information on a name associated with the phone number; and

displaying an incoming message, wherein the incoming message includes information related to the caller

10 data.

9. The method of Claim 8, wherein the information on the phone number is any of identifiable and unidentifiable, and wherein the information on the name is any of
- 15 identifiable and unidentifiable.

10. The method of Claim 3, further comprising:

receiving a silence signal; and

initiating a silence routine, wherein the silence

20 routine is configured to send the phone call to a voicemail application.

11. The method of Claim 3, further comprising initiating an answer routine, wherein the answer routine is configured to initiate:

starting a timer configured to clock a period of time

5 the phone call is being answered by the phone device of the personal digital assistant; and displaying the caller data.

12. The method of Claim 3, further comprising:

10 suspending a current application other than a call device, wherein the call device is configured to be active if the phone call is being answered; and initiating the call device.

15 13. A personal digital assistant including a phone device, the phone device comprising:

a receiver configured to receive a phone call transmitted from a device in a mobile phone network;

20 a radio switch detector configured to determine a status of a radio switch of the personal digital assistant; and

a network coverage detector configured to determine a status of a network coverage of the phone device in the mobile phone network.

5 14. The personal digital assistant of Claim 13, further comprising an earplug device detector configured to determine if an earplug device is electrically connected to the personal digital assistant.

10 15. The personal digital assistant of Claim 13, further comprising:

a display device; and

a tap recognizer connected to the display device,
wherein the tap recognizer is configured to
15 initiate a voicemail application.

16. The personal digital assistant of Claim 13, further comprising:

a display device; and

20 a tap recognizer connected to the display device,
wherein the tap recognizer is configured to answer
the phone call and to initiate a call application.

13. A computer-readable medium carrying one or more sequences of one or more instructions for managing a phone call to a phone device of a personal digital assistant, the one or more sequences of one or more instructions including instructions which, when executed by one or more processors, cause the one or more processors to perform the steps of:
- determining a status of a radio switch of the personal digital assistant; and
- determining a status of a network coverage of the phone device of the personal digital assistant.
14. The computer-readable medium as recited in Claim 13, wherein if the radio switch is on, the phone device is capable of receiving the phone call, and wherein if the network coverage is adequate, the signal strength of the phone call is sufficient for the phone device to maintain a connection with the mobile phone network..
15. The computer-readable medium as recited in Claim 13, wherein the instructions further cause the processor to carry out the step of determining a status of an earplug device, wherein if the earplug device is plugged in, the earplug device is electrically connected to the personal digital assistant and is

configured to emit sound waves related to signals received from the phone device of the personal digital assistant.

5 16. The computer-readable medium as recited in Claim 13, wherein the instructions further cause the processor to carry out the step of initiating a voicemail application.

10 17. The computer-readable medium as recited in Claim 13, wherein the instructions further cause the processor to carry out the steps of:

receiving a voicemail notification from the mobile
phone network; and

15 displaying a voicemail notification message.

18. The computer-readable medium as recited in Claim 13, wherein the instructions further cause the processor to carry out the steps of:

20 receiving caller data of the phone call, wherein the caller data includes information on a phone number associated with the phone call, and information on a name associated with the phone number; and

displaying an incoming message, wherein the incoming
message includes information related to the caller
data.

5 19. The computer-readable medium as recited in Claim 18,
wherein the information on the phone number is any of
identifiable and unidentifiable, and wherein the
information on the name is any of identifiable and
unidentifiable.

10

20. The computer-readable medium as recited in Claim 13,
wherein the instructions further cause the processor to
carry out the step of initiating a silence routine,
wherein the silence routine is configured to send the
15 phone call to a voicemail application.

21. The computer-readable medium as recited in Claim 13,
wherein the instructions further cause the processor to
carry out the step of initiating an answer routine,
20 wherein the answer routine is configured to cause the
processor to carry out the steps of initiate:

starting a timer configured to clock a period of time
the phone call is being answered by the phone
device of the personal digital assistant; and
25 displaying the caller data.

22. The computer-readable medium as recited in Claim 13,
wherein the instructions further cause the processor to
carry out the steps of:

5 suspending a current application other than a call
 device, wherein the call device is configured to
 be active if the phone call is being answered; and
 initiating the call device.

**SYSTEM AND METHOD OF RECEIVING A CALL HAVING AN IDENTIFIED OR
UNIDENTIFIED NUMBER AND AN IDENTIFIED OR UNIDENTIFIED NAME**

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

5 A system and method is described for managing a phone
call to a phone device of a personal digital assistant, the
phone call being transmitted from a device in a mobile phone
network. In one example, the method involves determining a
status of a radio switch of the personal digital assistant.
10 The personal digital assistant determines a status of the
network coverage of the phone device. In other words, the
personal digital assistant determines the relative strength
of the phone call signal that is transmitted to the phone
device from the mobile phone network. If the radio switch
15 is turned on and the network coverage is adequate, the phone
device receives the phone call. A user of the personal
digital assistant preferably has an option of answering or
not answering the phone call. If the phone call is not
answered, the phone call is preferably redirected to a
20 voicemail application.

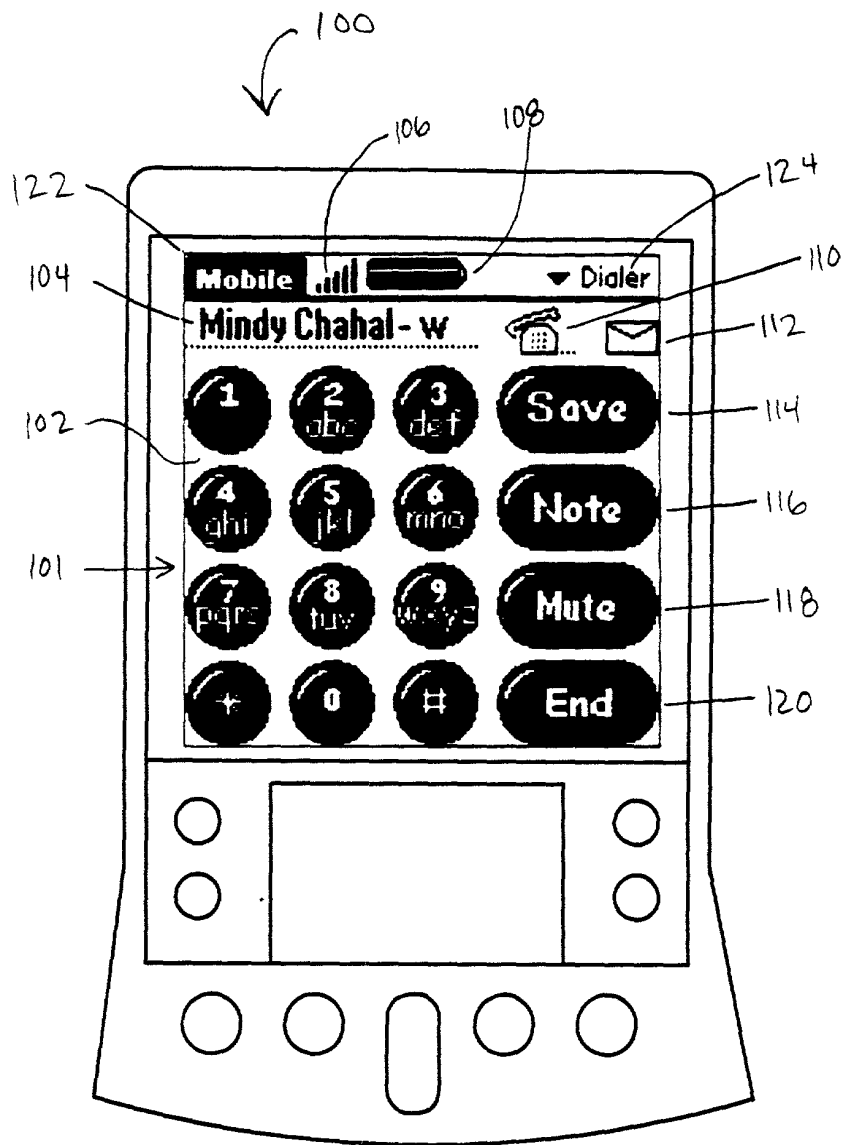


FIG. 1

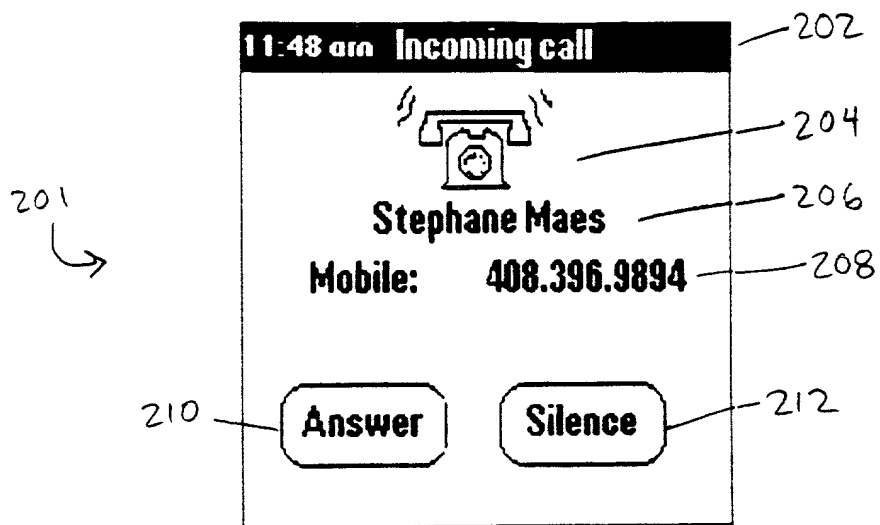


FIG. 2

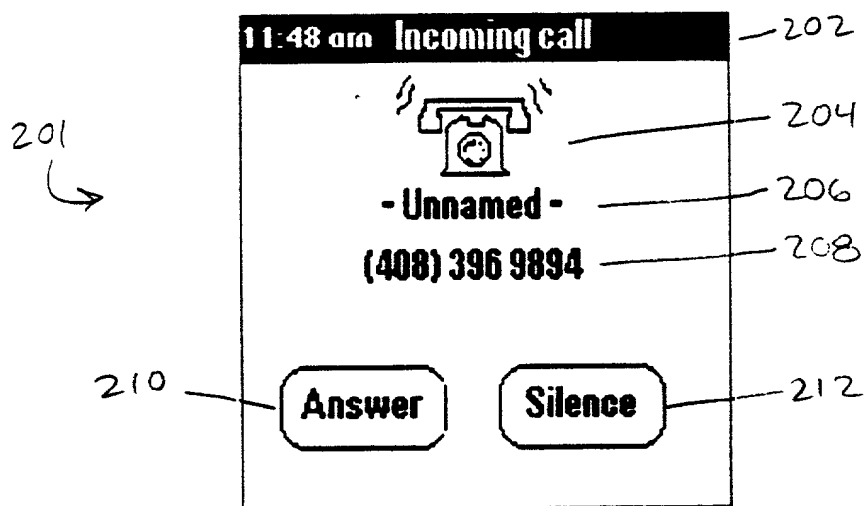


FIG. 3

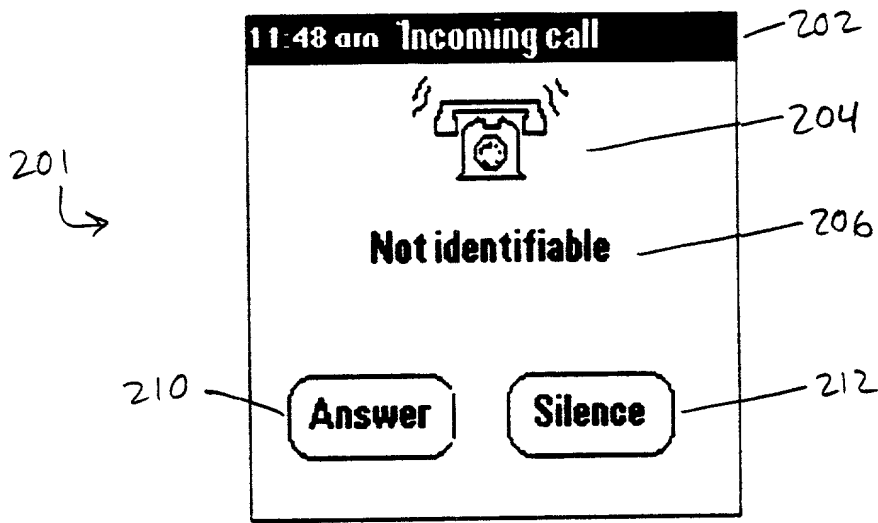


FIG. 4

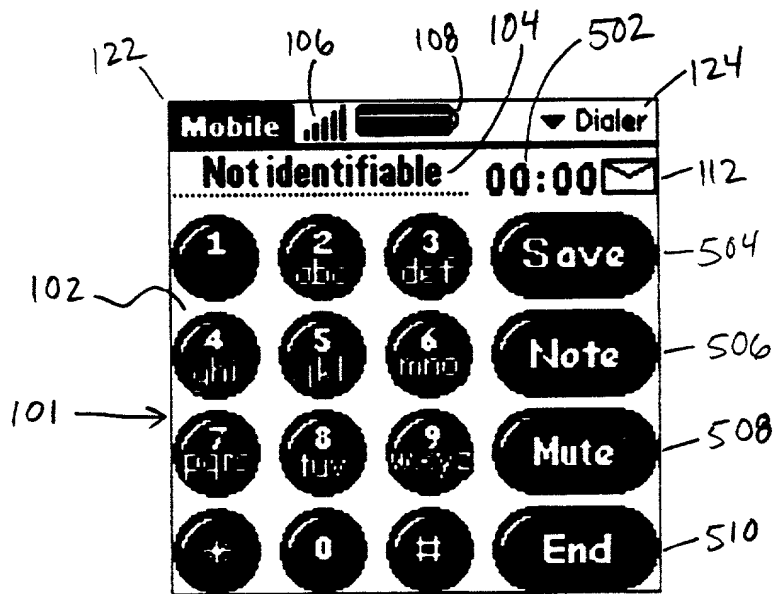


FIG. 5

0967526.092900

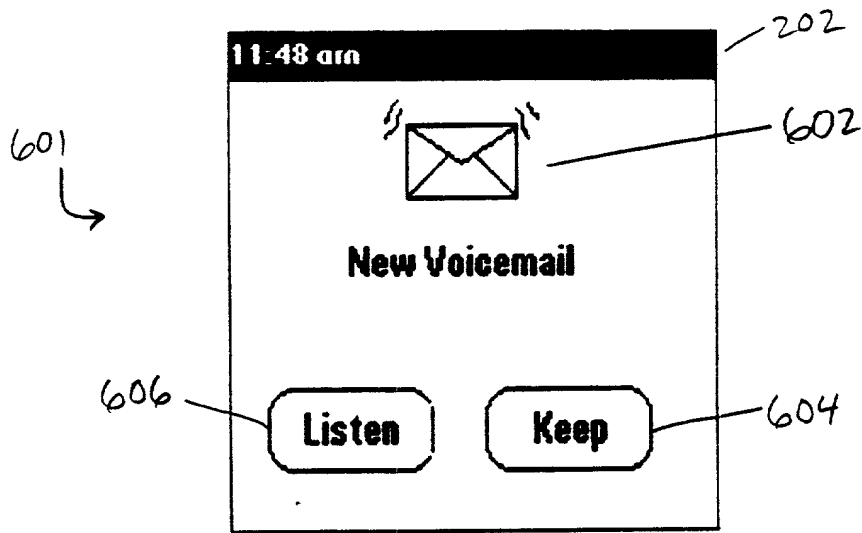


FIG. 6

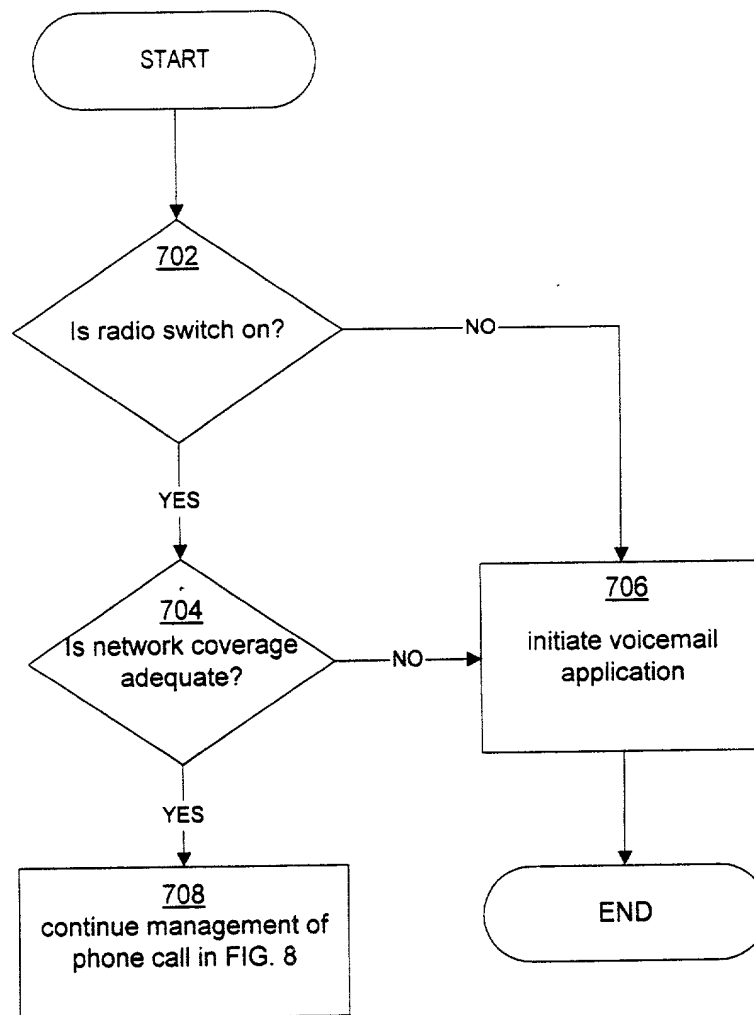


FIG. 7

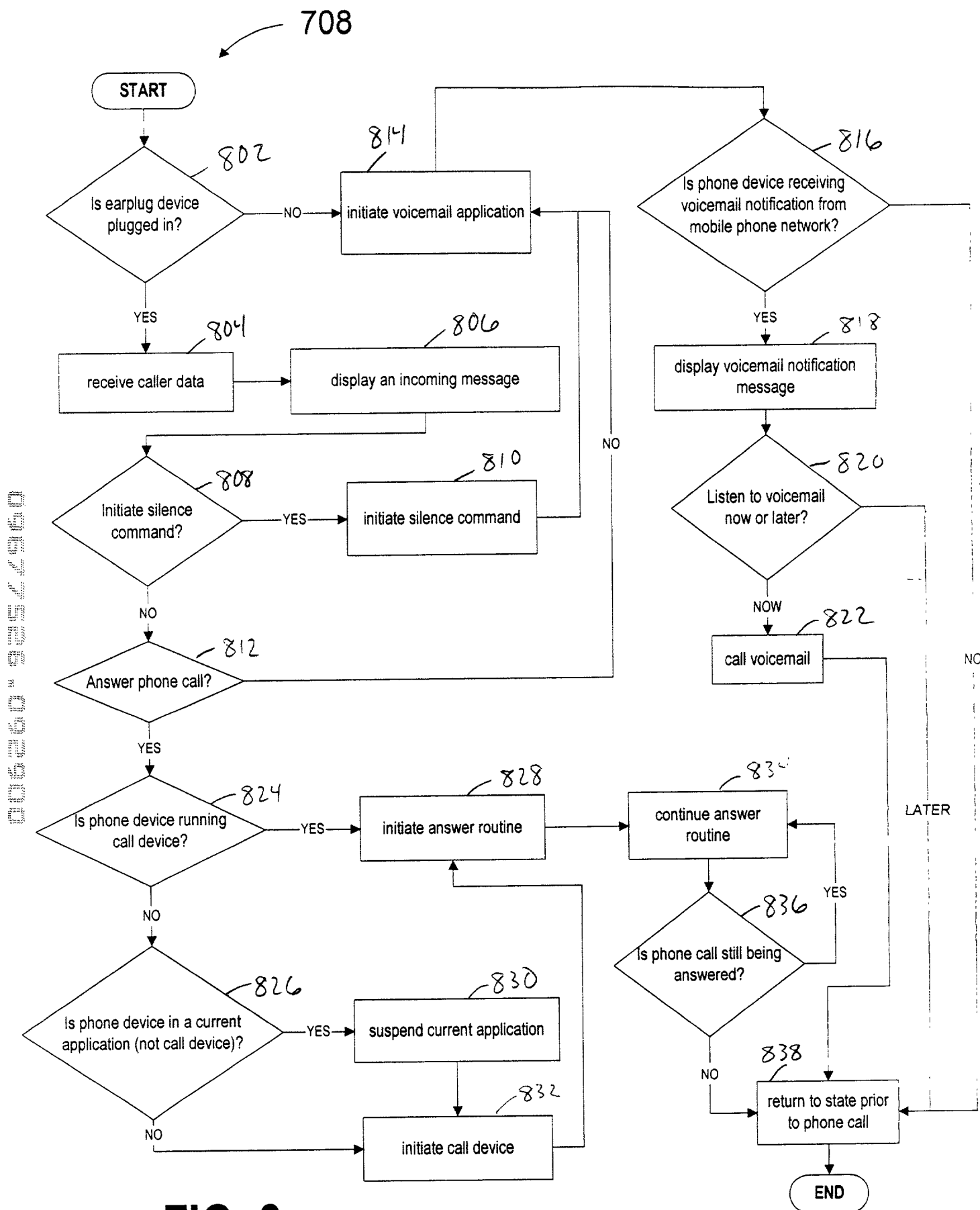


FIG. 8

COMBINED DECLARATION FOR PATENT APPLICATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name,

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled:

RECEIVING A CALL HAVING AN IDENTIFIED OR UNIDENTIFIED NUMBER AND AN IDENTIFIED OR UNIDENTIFIED NAME

for which application for Letters Patent of the United States of America is filed herewith.

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose all information which is material to patentability as defined in 37 CFR § 1.56.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or § 365(b) of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate, or § 365(a) of any PCT International application which designated at least one country other than the United States, listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:

Prior Foreign Application(s)

Priority Claimed

Yes

No

| Number | Country | Day/Month/Year Filed |
|--------|---------|----------------------|
| | | |

| Number | Country | Day/Month/Year Filed |
|--------|---------|----------------------|
| | | |

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) of any United States provisional application(s) below.

| Application Number | Filing Date |
|--------------------|-------------|
| | |

| Application Number | Filing Date |
|--------------------|-------------|
| | |

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. § 120 of any United States application(s), or § 365(c) of any PCT International application designating the United States, listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. § 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose all information which is material to patentability as defined in 37 CFR § 1.56 which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

| Application Number | Filing Date | Status: Patented, Pending, Abandoned |
|--------------------|-------------|--------------------------------------|
| | | |

| Application Number | Filing Date | Status: Patented, Pending, Abandoned |
|--------------------|-------------|--------------------------------------|
| | | |

09677626 0926900

I HEREBY APPOINT THE FOLLOWING AS MY ATTORNEYS WITH FULL POWER OF SUBSTITUTION
TO PROSECUTE THIS APPLICATION AND TRANSACT ALL BUSINESS IN THE PATENT OFFICE
CONNECTED THEREWITH:

| <u>Attorney</u> | <u>Reg. No.</u> |
|-----------------------|-----------------|
| J. William Wigert | 24,582 |
| Nathan P. Koenig | 38,210 |
| Doyle B. Johnson | 39,240 |
| Malcolm B. Wittenberg | 27,028 |
| Tobi Clinton | 43,553 |
| John W. Carpenter | 39,129 |

Send correspondence to:

John W. Carpenter
CROSBY, HEAFEY, ROACH & MAY
P.O. Box 7936
San Francisco, CA 94120-7936
DID Ph.: 415-659-5927
Ph.: 415-543-8700
Fax: 415-391-8269

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment or both, under 18 U.S.C. § 1001 and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

Full name of sole or first inventor: Stephane Maes

Inventor's signature _____

Date: _____, 2000

Residence:

Citizenship:

Post Office Address:

Full name of second or joint inventor: Scott Lincke

Inventor's signature _____

Date: _____, 2000

Residence:

Citizenship:

Post Office Address:

006360 925496

Full name of third or joint inventor: Sean Mercer

Inventor's signature _____

Date: _____, 2000

Residence:

Citizenship:

Post Office Address:

Full name of fourth or joint inventor: Ryan Robertson

Inventor's signature _____

Date: _____, 2000

Residence:

Citizenship:

Post Office Address:

006766-090909